Form 206—General Information (Certificate of Formation—Professional Limited Liability Company)

The attached form is designed to meet minimal statutory filing requirements pursuant to the relevant code provisions. This form and the information provided are not substitutes for the advice and services of an attorney and tax specialist.

Commentary

The professional limited liability company (hereinafter PLLC) is a limited liability company that is formed for the purpose of providing a professional service. A "*professional service*" means any type of service that requires, as a condition precedent to the rendering of the service, the obtaining of a license in this state, including the personal service rendered by a dentist, attorney, physician, or veterinarian. A PLLC is governed by title 1, title 3, and chapters 301 and 304 of title 7 of the Texas Business Organizations Code (BOC). Title 1, chapter 3, subchapter A of the BOC governs the formation of a PLLC and sets forth the provisions required or permitted to be contained in the certificate of formation.

Title 7, chapter 301 establishes certain restrictions and requirements regarding ownership and management of a PLLC. Only a professional individual or professional organization may be an owner or manager of a PLLC. Only a professional individual may be an officer of a PLLC. A *professional individual* is an individual who is licensed to practice the same professional service as the PLLC. A *professional organization* is a person other than an individual that renders the same professional service as the PLLC only through owners, members, managerial officials, employees, or agents, each of whom is a professional individual or professional organization.

Taxes: A PLLC is subject to a state franchise tax. Contact the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, Tax Assistance Section, Austin, Texas, 78774-0100, (512) 463-4600 or (800) 252-1381 for franchise tax information. For information relating to federal employer identification numbers, federal income tax filing requirements, tax publications, and forms call (800) 829-3676 or visit the Internal Revenue Service web site at *www.irs.gov*.

Instructions for Form

• Article 1—Entity Name and Type: Provide a company name and organizational designation. The entity name must comply with the provisions of chapter 5 of the BOC and the administrative rules on entity name availability adopted by the secretary of state. Chapter 5 of the BOC requires that the entity must be distinguishable in the records from the name of any existing domestic or foreign filing entity, any fictitious name under which a foreign filing entity is registered to transact business in this state, or any name reservation or registration filed with the secretary of state. In addition, the entity name may not contain any word or phrase that by its inclusion in the name: 1) indicates or implies that the entity is engaged in a business that the entity is not authorized to pursue, or 2) falsely implies that the entity is affiliated with a governmental entity. If the entity name does not comply with these provisions, the document cannot be filed.

The administrative rules adopted for determining entity name availability (Texas Administrative Code, title 1, part 4, chapter 79, subchapter C) may be viewed at *www.sos.state.tx.us/tac/index.shtml*. If you wish the secretary of state to provide a preliminary determination on name availability, you may call (512) 463-5555, dial 7-1-1 for relay services, or e-mail your name inquiry to *corpinfo@sos.texas.gov*. If the entity name does not meet the standard for availability, the document

will not be filed. <u>A final determination cannot be made until the document is received and processed</u> by the secretary of state. Do not make financial expenditures or execute documents based on a preliminary clearance. Also note that the preclearance of a name or the issuance of a certificate of formation under a name does not authorize the use of a name in violation of another person's rights to the name.

Pursuant to section 5.060 of the BOC, the name of a professional entity must not be contrary to a statute or regulation that governs a person who provides a professional service through the professional entity, including a rule of professional ethics. Contact the state agency or examining board exercising control over the profession to determine whether the name chosen complies with statutory and regulatory requirements governing the profession.

• Article 2—Registered Agent and Registered Office: The registered agent can be either (option A) a domestic entity or a foreign entity that is registered to do business in Texas or (option B) an individual resident of the state. The limited liability company cannot act as its own registered agent; do not enter the limited liability company name as the name of the registered agent.

Consent: A person designated as the registered agent of an entity must have consented, either in a written or electronic form, to serve as the registered agent of the entity. Although consent is required, a copy of the person's written or electronic consent need not be submitted with the certificate of formation. *The liabilities and penalties imposed by sections 4.007 and 4.008 of the BOC apply with respect to a false statement in a filing instrument that names a person as the registered agent of an entity without that person's consent.* (BOC § 5.207)

Office Address Requirements: The registered office address must be located at a street address where service of process may be personally served on the entity's registered agent during normal business hours. Although the registered office is not required to be the entity's principal place of business, the registered office may not be solely a mailbox service or telephone answering service (BOC § 5.201).

• Article 3—Governing Authority: The certificate of formation must state whether the PLLC will or will not have managers. If the PLLC will have managers, select option A and provide the name and address of each initial manager in the space provided. If the PLLC will not have managers, select option B and provide the name and address of each initial member of the PLLC in the space provided. <u>A minimum of one person is required</u>. NOTE: Only a professional individual or professional organization may be a manager or member of a PLLC.

If the governing person is a professional individual, set forth the name of the individual in the format specified. Do not use prefixes (e.g., Dr., Mr., Mrs., Ms.). Use the suffix box only for titles of lineage (e.g., Jr., Sr., III) and not for other suffixes or titles (e.g., M.D., Ph.D.). If the governing person is a professional organization, set forth the legal name of the organization. For each governing person, only one name should be entered. Do not include both the name of an individual and the name of an organization. An address is always required for each governing person.

Please note that a document on file with the secretary of state is a public record that is subject to public access and disclosure. When providing address information for a manager or member, use a business or post office box address rather than a residence address if privacy concerns are an issue.

• Article 4—Purpose: The certificate of formation of a PLLC must state the type of professional service to be provided by the professional entity. Pursuant to section 2.004 of the BOC, a

professional entity may engage in only one type of professional service, unless the entity is expressly authorized to provide more than one type of professional service under state law regulating the professional services.

Joint Practice by Certain Professionals: Pursuant to section 301.012 of the BOC, the following professionals are permitted to jointly form and own a PLLC to perform a professional service that falls within the scope of practice of those practitioners.

- (1) Doctors of medicine and doctors of osteopathy licensed by the Texas Medical Board, persons licensed as podiatrists by the Texas State Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners, and persons licensed as chiropractors by the Texas Board of Chiropractic Medical Examiners may jointly form and own a PLLC to perform professional services that fall within the scope of practice of those practitioners.
- (2) Persons licensed as physicians under Subtitle B, Title 3, Occupations Code, and persons licensed as physician assistants under Chapter 204, Occupations Code, may form and own a PLLC to perform professional services that fall within the scope of practice of those practitioners.
- (3) Professionals, other than physicians, engaged in related mental health fields such as psychology, clinical social work, licensed professional counseling, and licensed marriage and family therapy may form a PLLC that is jointly owned by those practitioners to perform professional services that fall within the scope of practice of those practitioners.
- (4) Doctors of medicine and doctors of osteopathy may jointly form and own a PLLC with persons licensed as optometrists or therapeutic optometrists by the Texas Optometry Board to perform professional services that fall within the scope of practice of those practitioners. Only a physician, optometrist, or therapeutic optometrist may hold an ownership interest in a PLLC formed for the joint practice of medicine or osteopathy and optometry or therapeutic optometry.

The state agencies exercising regulatory control over the professions to which these joint practice provisions apply continue to exercise regulatory authority over their respective licenses.

- **Initial Mailing Address:** *Effective January 1, 2022*, the certificate of formation of a filing entity must provide the initial mailing address for the entity. The initial mailing address is the address that will be used by the Comptroller of Public Accounts for sending tax information and correspondence to the entity. The initial mailing address may be a post office box or street address.
- **Supplemental Provisions/Information:** Additional space has been provided for additional text to an article within this form or to provide for additional articles to contain optional provisions.

Duration: Pursuant to section 3.003 of the BOC, a Texas PLLC exists perpetually unless provided otherwise in the certificate of formation. If formation of a PLLC with a stated period of duration is desired, use the "Supplemental Provisions/Information" section of this form to provide for a limited duration.

• **Organizer:** Only one organizer is required for the formation of a PLLC. An organizer may be any person having the capacity to contract for the person or for another; that is, a natural person 18 years of age or older, or a corporation or other legal entity. There are no residency requirements for an organizer. The organizer is not required to be licensed to perform the professional service for which the entity is formed.

If the PLLC is formed and owned jointly by a physician and physician assistant, the organizer must be a physician and must ensure that a physician or physicians control and manage the PLLC.

• Effectiveness of Filing: A certificate of formation becomes effective when filed by the secretary of state (option A). However, pursuant to sections 4.052 and 4.053 of the BOC the effectiveness of the instrument may be delayed to a date not more than ninety (90) days from the date the instrument is signed (option B). The effectiveness of the instrument also may be delayed on the occurrence of a future event or fact, other than the passage of time (option C). If option C is selected, you must state the manner in which the event or fact will cause the instrument to take effect and the date of the 90th day after the date the instrument is signed. In order for the certificate to take effect under option C, the entity must, within ninety (90) days of the filing of the certificate, file a statement with the secretary of state regarding the event or fact pursuant to section 4.055 of the BOC.

On the filing of a document with a delayed effective date or condition, the computer records of the secretary of state will be changed to show the filing of the document, the date of the filing, and the future date on which the document will be effective or evidence that the effectiveness was conditioned on the occurrence of a future event or fact. In addition, at the time of such filing, the status of the entity will be shown as "in existence" on the records of the secretary of state.

• **Execution:** The organizer must sign the certificate of formation, but it does not need to be notarized. However, before signing, please read the statements on this form carefully. <u>The designation or appointment of a person as registered agent by an organizer is an affirmation that the person named in the certificate of formation has consented to serve in that capacity. (BOC § 5.2011)</u>

A person commits an offense under section 4.008 of the BOC if the person signs or directs the filing of a filing instrument the person knows is materially false with the intent that the instrument be delivered to the secretary of state for filing. The offense is a Class A misdemeanor unless the person's intent is to harm or defraud another, in which case the offense is a state jail felony.

• **Payment and Delivery Instructions:** The filing fee for a certificate of formation for an LLC is **\$300**. Fees may be paid by personal checks, money orders, LegalEase debit cards, or American Express, Discover, MasterCard, and Visa credit cards. Checks or money orders must be payable through a U.S. bank or financial institution and made payable to the secretary of state. Fees paid by credit card are subject to a statutorily authorized convenience fee of 2.7 percent of the total fees.

Submit the completed form in duplicate along with the filing fee if submitting the document by mail or by courier delivery. The form may be mailed to P.O. Box 13697, Austin, Texas 78711-3697 or delivered to the James Earl Rudder Office Building, 1019 Brazos, Austin, Texas 78701. On filing the document, the secretary of state will return the appropriate evidence of filing to the submitter together with a file- stamped copy of the document, if a duplicate copy was provided as instructed.

Need Faster Delivery and Processing? Use our SOSUpload system to electronically submit a PDF copy of the completed and executed document. When submitting a document through SOSUpload, do not include a copy of these instructions, a duplicate copy of the document, payment information, or personal identifying information (PII). Inclusion of this information may lead to a rejection of the document. For more information on SOSUpload, please call (512) 463-5555; email corpinfo@sos.texas.gov; or visit https://direct.sos.state.tx.us/lef/index.aspx

• **FYI:** A PLLC is required to maintain a registered agent and a registered office address in Texas. If the registered agent or registered office address changes, it is important to file a statement with the secretary of state to effect a change to the certificate of formation. Failure to maintain a registered agent and registered office may result in the involuntary termination of the professional entity.

Revised 12/21

This space reserved for office use.

Form 206 (Revised 12/21)

Submit in duplicate to: Secretary of State P.O. Box 13697 Austin, TX 78711-3697 512 463-5555

Filing Fee: \$300

OR



Certificate of Formation Professional Limited Liability Company

Article 1 – Entity Name and Type

The filing entity being formed is a professional limited liability company. The name of the entity is:

The name must contain the phrase "professional limited liability company," or an abbreviation of this phrase.

Article 2 – Registered Agent and Registered Office

(See instructions. Select and complete either A or B and complete C.)

A. The initial registered agent is an organization (cannot be entity named above) by the name of:

B. The initial registered agent is an individual resident of the state whose name is set forth below:

First Name	<i>M.I.</i>	Last Name		Suffix
C. The business address	of the registered agen	t and the registered of	fice address is:	
			ТХ	
Street Address	City		State	Zip Code
(Select and	Article 3—6 complete <u>either</u> A or B and pro	Governing Authority		rson)

A. The professional limited liability company will have managers. The name and address of each initial manager are set forth below.

B. The professional limited liability company will not have managers. The company will be governed by its members, and the name and address of each initial member are set forth below.

GOVERNING PERSON 1					
NAME (Enter the name of either an individual IF INDIVIDUAL	l or an organization, but	not both.)			
First Name OR IF ORGANIZATION	M.I.	Last Name			Suffix
Organization Name ADDRESS					
Street or Mailing Address	Ci	ity	State	Country	Zip Code

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GOVERNING PERSON 2 NAME (Enter the name of either an indivi- IF INDIVIDUAL	dual or an organization, but	not both.)			
First Name	<i>M.I.</i>	Last Name			Suffix
OR IF ORGANIZATION					
Organization Name DDRESS					
treet or Mailing Address	Ci	ity	State	Country	Zip Code
OVERNING PERSON 3					
AME (Enter the name of either an indivi IF INDIVIDUAL	dual or an organization, but	not both.)			
First Name OR	М.І.	Last Name			Suffix
IF ORGANIZATION					
Organization Name					

Article 4 – Purpose

The type of professional service to be provided by the professional entity is (use space provided below):

Initial Mailing Address (Provide the mailing address to which state franchise tax correspondence should be sent.)

Mailing Address

City

State Zip Code Country

Supplemental Provisions/Information

Text Area: [The attached addendum, if any, is incorporated herein by reference.]

Organizer

The name and address of the organizer:

Name				
Street or Mailing Address	City	State Zip Code		
Effectiveness	of Filing (Select either A, B, or C	2.)		
A. This document becomes effective wh	nen the document is filed by	the secretary of state.		
B. This document becomes effective at a later date, which is not more than ninety (90) days from				
the date of signing. The delayed effective of	late is:			
C. This document takes effect upon the	occurrence of the future even	nt or fact, other than the		
passage of time. The 90 th day after the date	e of signing is:			
The following event or fact will cause the d	locument to take effect in the	e manner described below:		

Execution

The undersigned affirms that the person designated as registered agent has consented to the appointment. The undersigned also affirms that, to the best knowledge of the undersigned, the name provided as the name of the filing entity does not falsely imply an affiliation with a governmental entity. The undersigned signs this document subject to the penalties imposed by law for the submission of a materially false or fraudulent instrument and certifies under penalty of perjury that the undersigned is authorized to execute the filing instrument.

Date: _____

Signature of organizer

Printed or typed name of organizer